

40Gbps 850nm & 900nm 100M QSFP Bi-directional Optical Transceiver

40G-Q-SR-BD

■ Product Features

- ✓ Compliant to the 40GbE XLPPPI electrical specification per IEEE 802.3ba-2010
- ✓ Compliant to QSFP+ SFF-8436 Specification
- ✓ Aggregate bandwidth of >40Gbps
- ✓ Operates at 10.3125 Gbps per electrical channel with 64b/66b encoded data
- ✓ QSFP MSA compliant
- ✓ Capable of over 100m transmission on OM3 Multimode Fiber (MMF) and 150m on OM4 MMF
- ✓ Single +3.3V power supply operating
- ✓ Built-in digital diagnostic functions
- ✓ Temperature range 0° C to 70° C
- ✓ RoHS Compliant Part
- ✓ Utilizes a standard LC duplex fiber cable allowing reuse of existing cable infrastructure



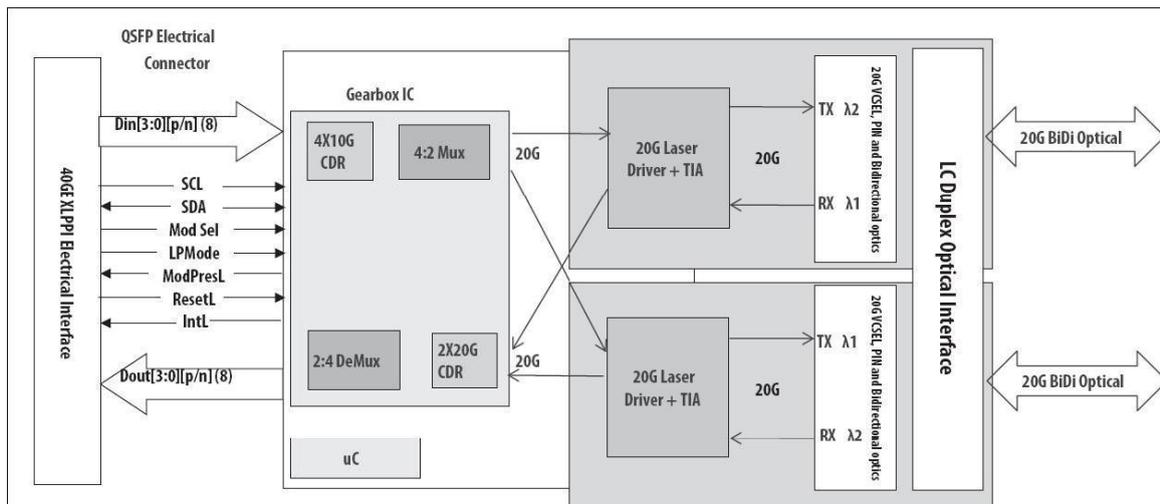
■ Applications

- ✓ 40 Gigabit Ethernet interconnects
- ✓ Datacom/Telecom switch & router connections
- ✓ Data aggregation and backplane applications
- ✓ Proprietary protocol and density applications

■ General Description

It is a Four-Channel, Pluggable, LC Duplex, Fiber-Optic QSFP+ Transceiver for 40 Gigabit Ethernet Applications. This transceiver is a high performance module for short-range duplex data communication and interconnection applications. It integrates four electrical data lanes in each direction into transmission over a single LC duplex fiber optic cable. Each electrical lane operates at 10.3125 Gbps and conforms to the 40GE XLPPPI interface.

The transceiver internally multiplexes an XLPPPI 4x10G interface into two 20Gb/s electrical channels, transmitting and receiving each optically over one simplex LC fiber using bidirectional optics. This results in an aggregate bandwidth of 40Gbps into a duplex LC cable. This allows reuse of the installed LC duplex cabling infrastructure for 40GbE application. Link distances up to 100 m using OM3 and 150m using OM4 optical fiber are supported. These modules are designed to operate over multimode fiber systems using a nominal wavelength of 850nm on one end and 900nm on the other end. The electrical interface uses a 38 contact QSFP+ type edge connector. The optical interface uses a conventional LC duplex connector.



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		+4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		+85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0		85	%	

■ Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.30	3.46	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc	-	-	1	A	
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0	-	+70	°C	Without air flow
Power Dissipation	PD			3.5	W	

■ Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1, 2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards

■ Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Data Rate per Channel			10.3125	11.2	Gbps	
Supply Current	I _{cc}		750	1000	mA	
Control I/O Voltage-High	V _{IH}	2.0		V _{cc}	V	
Control I/O Voltage-Low	V _{IL}	0		0.7	V	
Inter-Channel Skew	T _{Sk}			150	pS	
RESETL Duration			10		uS	
RESETL De-assert time				100	mS	
Power On time				100	mS	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	R _{in}	80	100	120	Ω	1
Differential data input swing	V _{in, pp}	120	-	1200	mV	
Single ended input voltage tolerance	V _{inT}	0.3	-	4.0	V	
Receiver						
Single ended output swing		0.3	-	4.0	V	
Differential data output swing	V _{out,pp}	600	-	800	mV	2

Notes:

1. AC coupled.
2. Into 100 ohm differential termination.

■ Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Ref.
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength CH1	λ	832	850	868	nm	
Center Wavelength CH2	λ	882	900	918	nm	
RMS Spectral Width	P _m		0.5	0.65	Nm	
Average Launch Power, each Lane	P _{avg}	-4	-2.5	5.0	dBm	
Laser off Power per channel				-30	dBm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	

Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty each lane	TDP			3.5	dB	
Relative Intensity Noise	Rin			-128	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	ORL			12	dB	
Receiver						
RX Sensitivity @10.3 Gb/s, each lane	RSENS	-	-	-11	dBm	1
Receiver Wavelength CH1	λ	882	900	918	nm	
Receiver Wavelength CH2	λ	832	850	868	nm	
Maximum Input Power	Pmax	+0.5			dBm	
Receiver Reflectance	Rrx			-12	dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD	-	-	-14	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30	-	-	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5	-	-	dBm	

Notes:

1. Measured with PRBS $2^{31}-1$ test pattern, at 10.325Gb/s, BER< 10^{-12}

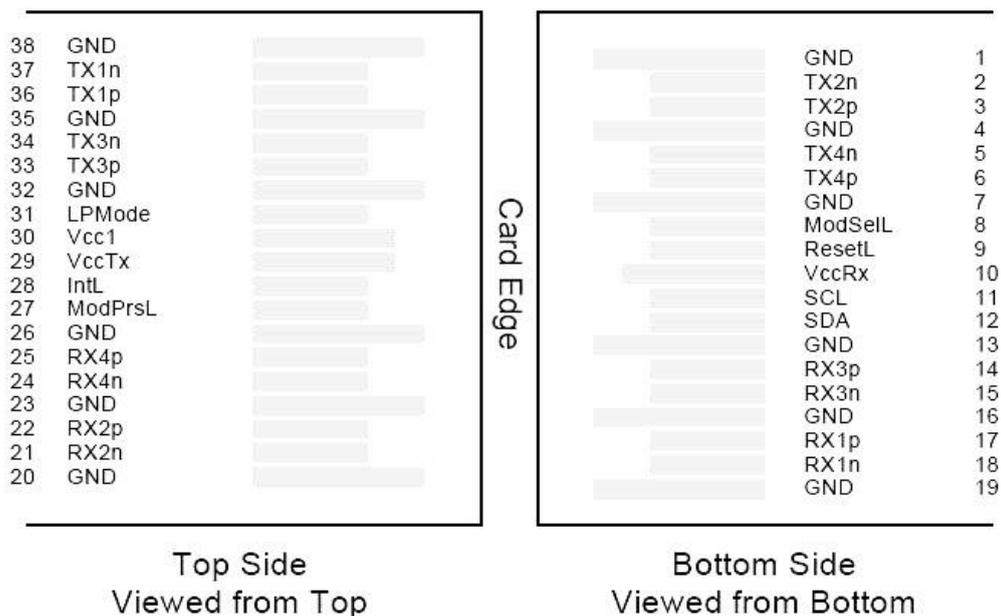
■ Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	GND	Ground	1
2	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input, CML-I	
3	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output, CML-I	
4	GND	Ground	1
5	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input, CML-I	
6	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output, CML-I	
7	GND	GND	1
8	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	Module Select	Module Reset	
10	VccRx	+ 3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13	GND	GND	

14	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
15	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
16	GND	GND	1
17	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
18	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
19	GND	Ground	1
20	GND	Ground	1
21	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
22	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
23	GND	Ground	1
24	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output, CML-O	1
25	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output, CML-O	
26	GND	Ground	1
27	ModPrsL	Module Present, connect to GND	
28	IntL	Interrupt	
29	VccTx	+3.3 V Power Supply transmitter	2
30	Vcc1	+3.3 V Power Supply	2
31	LPMODE	Low Power Mode, not connect	
32	GND	Ground	1
33	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input, CML-I	
34	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output, CML-I	
35	GND	Ground	1
36	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input, CML-I	
37	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output, CML-I	
38	GND	Ground	1

Notes:

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP+ modules. All are common within the QSFP+ module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane
2. VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP+ transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500mA.



■ Digital Diagnostic Functions

Fiberend 40G-Q-SR-BD support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the QSFP+ MSA., which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

- ✓ Transceiver temperature
- ✓ Laser bias current
- ✓ Transmitted optical power
- ✓ Transceiver supply voltage

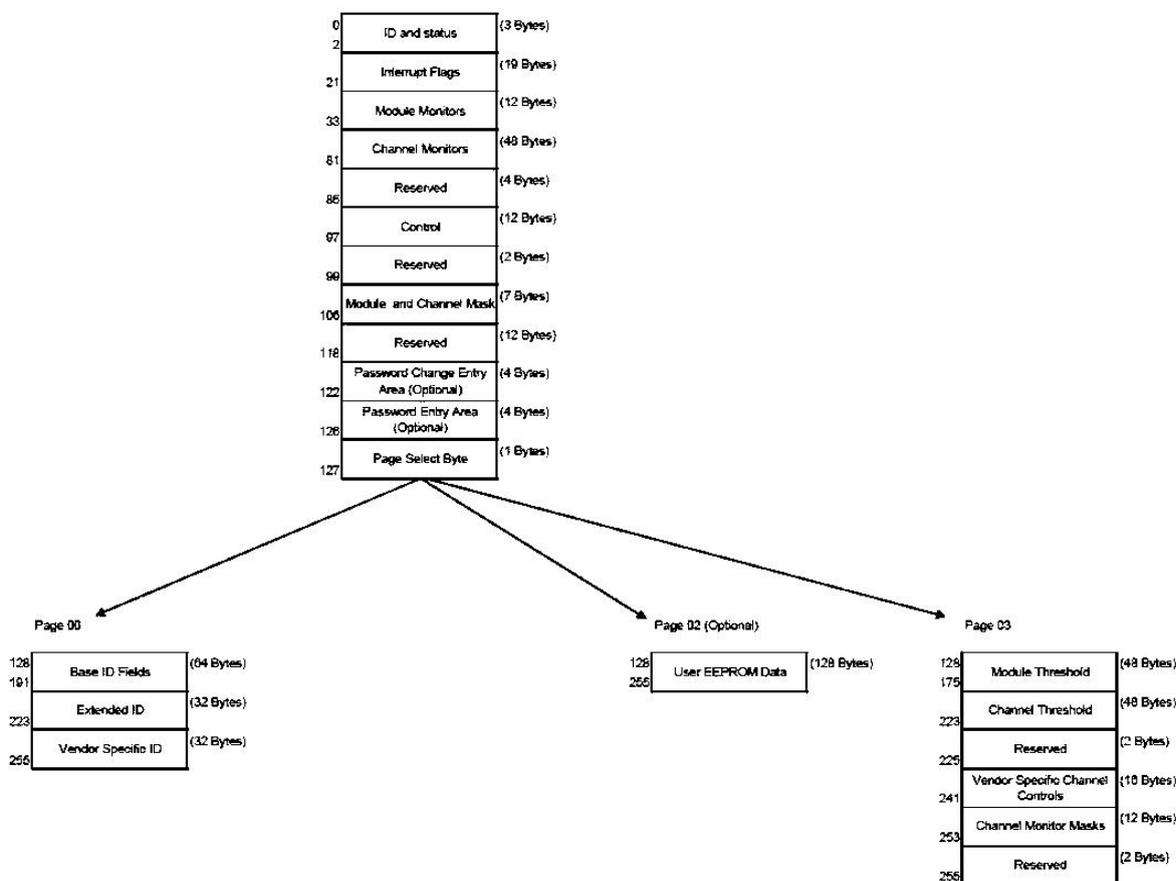
It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the QSFP+ transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the QSFP+ transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer.

The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 00h to the maximum address of the memory.

This clause defines the Memory Map for QSFP+ transceiver used for serial ID, digital monitoring and certain 6Lower Memory Map control functions. The interface is mandatory for all QSFP+ devices. The memory map has been changed in order to accommodate 4 optical channels and limit the required memory space. The structure of the memory is shown in Figure 2 -QSFP+ Memory Map. The memory space is arranged into a lower, single page, address space of 128 bytes and multiple upper address space pages. This structure permits timely access to addresses in the lower page, e.g. Interrupt Flags and Monitors. Less time critical entries, e.g. serial ID information and threshold settings, are available with the Page Select function. The structure also provides address expansion by adding additional upper pages as needed. For example, in Figure 2 upper pages 01 and 02 are optional. Upper page 01 allows implementation of Application Select Table, and upper page 02 provides user read/write space. The lower page and upper pages 00 and 03 are always implemented. The interface address used is A0xh and is mainly used for time critical data like interrupt handling in order to enable a “one-time-read” for all data related to an interrupt situation. After an Interrupt, IntL, has been asserted, the host can read out the flag field to determine the effected channel and type of flag.

For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the QSFP+ MSA Specification.



■ Lower Memory Map

The lower 128 bytes of the 2-wire serial bus address space, see Table 1, is used to access a variety of measurements and diagnostic functions, a set of control functions, and a means to select which of the various upper memory map pages are accessed on subsequent reads. This portion of the address space is always directly addressable and thus is chosen for monitoring and control functions that may need to be repeatedly accessed. The definition of identifier field is the same as page 00h Byte 128

Table 1— Lower Memory Map

Byte Address	Description	Type
0	Identifier (1 Byte)	Read-Only
1-2	Status (2 Bytes)	Read-Only
3-21	Interrupt Flags (19 Bytes)	Read-Only
22-33	Module Monitors (12 Bytes)	Read-Only
34-81	Channel Monitors (48 Bytes)	Read-Only
82-85	Reserved (4 Bytes)	Read-Only
86-97	Control (12 Bytes)	Read/Write
98-99	Reserved (2 Bytes)	Read/Write
100-106	Module and Channel Masks (7 Bytes)	Read/Write
107-118	Reserved (12 Bytes)	Read/Write
119-122	Password Change Entry Area (optional) (4 Bytes)	Read/Write
123-126	Password Entry Area (optional) (4 Bytes)	Read/Write
127	Page Select Byte	Read/Write

The Status Indicators are defined in Table 2.

Table 2 — Status Indicators

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
1	All	Reserved	
2	7	Reserved	
	6	Reserved	
	5	Reserved	
	4	Reserved	
	3	Reserved	
	2	Reserved	
	1	IntL	Digital state of the IntL interrupt output pin.
	0	Data_Not_Ready	Indicates transceiver has not yet achieved power up and monitor data is not ready. Bit remains high until data is ready to be read at which time the device sets the bit low.

■ Interrupt Flags

A portion of the memory maps (Bytes 3 through 21), form a flag field. Within this field, the status of LOS and Tx Fault as well as alarms and warnings for the various monitored items is reported. For normal operation and default state, the bits in this field have the value of 0b. For the defined conditions of LOS, Tx Fault, module and channel alarms and warnings, the appropriate bit or bits are set, value = 1b. Once asserted, the bits remained set (latched) until cleared by a read operation that includes the affected bit or reset by the ResetL pin. The Channel Status Interrupt Flags are defined in Table 3

Table 3 — Channel Status Interrupt Flags

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
3	7	L-Tx4 LOS	Latched TX LOS indicator, channel 4 (Not support)
	6	L-Tx3 LOS	Latched TX LOS indicator, channel 3 (Not support)
	5	L-Tx2 LOS	Latched TX LOS indicator, channel 2 (Not support)
	4	L-Tx1 LOS	Latched TX LOS indicator, channel 1 (Not support)
	3	L-Rx4 LOS	Latched RX LOS indicator, channel 4
	2	L-Rx3 LOS	Latched RX LOS indicator, channel 3
	1	L-Rx2 LOS	Latched RX LOS indicator, channel 2
	0	L-Rx1 LOS	Latched RX LOS indicator, channel 1
4	7-4	Reserved	
	3	L-Tx4 Fault	Latched TX fault indicator, channel 4
	2	L-Tx3 Fault	Latched TX fault indicator, channel 3
	1	L-Tx2 Fault	Latched TX fault indicator, channel 2
	0	L-Tx1 Fault	Latched TX fault indicator, channel 1
5	All	Reserved	

The Module Monitor Interrupt Flags are defined in Table 4.

Table 4 — Module Monitor Interrupt Flags

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
6	7	L-Temp High Alarm	Latched high temperature alarm
	6	L-Temp Low Alarm	Latched low temperature alarm
	5	L-Temp High Warning	Latched high temperature warning
	4	L-Temp Low Warning	Latched low temperature warning
	3-0	Reserved	
7	7	L-Vcc High Alarm	Latched high supply voltage alarm
	6	L-Vcc Low Alarm	Latched low supply voltage alarm
	5	L-Vcc High Warning	Latched high supply voltage warning
	4	L-Vcc Low Warning	Latched low supply voltage warning
	3-0	Reserved	
8	All	Reserved	

The Channel Monitor Interrupt Flags are defined in Table 5.

Table 5 — Channel Monitor Interrupt Flags

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
9	7	L-Rx1 Power High Alarm	Latched high RX power alarm, channel 1
	6	L-Rx1 Power Low Alarm	Latched low RX power alarm, channel 1
	5	L-Rx1 Power High Warning	Latched high RX power warning, channel 1
	4	L-Rx1 Power Low Warning	Latched low RX power warning, channel 1
	3	L-Rx2 Power High Alarm	Latched high RX power alarm, channel 2
	2	L-Rx2 Power Low Alarm	Latched low RX power alarm, channel 2
	1	L-Rx2 Power High Warning	Latched high RX power warning, channel 2
	0	L-Rx2 Power Low Warning	Latched low RX power warning, channel 2
10	7	L-Rx3 Power High Alarm	Latched high RX power alarm, channel 3
	6	L-Rx3 Power Low Alarm	Latched low RX power alarm, channel 3
	5	L-Rx3 Power High Warning	Latched high RX power warning, channel 3
	4	L-Rx3 Power Low Warning	Latched low RX power warning, channel 3
	3	L-Rx4 Power High Alarm	Latched high RX power alarm, channel 4
	2	L-Rx4 Power Low Alarm	Latched low RX power alarm, channel 4
	1	L-Rx4 Power High Warning	Latched high RX power warning, channel 4
	0	L-Rx4 Power Low Warning	Latched low RX power warning, channel 4
11	7	L-Tx1 Bias High Alarm	Latched high TX bias alarm, channel 1
	6	L-Tx1 Bias Low Alarm	Latched low TX bias alarm, channel 1
	5	L-Tx1 Bias High Warning	Latched high TX bias warning, channel 1
	4	L-Tx1 Bias Low Warning	Latched low TX bias warning, channel 1
	3	L-Tx2 Bias High Alarm	Latched high TX bias alarm, channel 2
	2	L-Tx2 Bias Low Alarm	Latched low TX bias alarm, channel 2
	1	L-Tx2 Bias High Warning	Latched high TX bias warning, channel 2
	0	L-Tx2 Bias Low Warning	Latched low TX bias warning, channel 2
12	7	L-Tx3 Bias High Alarm	Latched high TX bias alarm, channel 3
	6	L-Tx3 Bias Low Alarm	Latched low TX bias alarm, channel 3
	5	L-Tx3 Bias High Warning	Latched high TX bias warning, channel 3
	4	L-Tx3 Bias Low Warning	Latched low TX bias warning, channel 3
	3	L-Tx4 Bias High Alarm	Latched high TX bias alarm, channel 4
	2	L-Tx4 Bias Low Alarm	Latched low TX bias alarm, channel 4
	1	L-Tx4 Bias High Warning	Latched high TX bias warning, channel 4
	0	L-Tx4 Bias Low Warning	Latched low TX bias warning, channel 4
13	7	L-Tx1 Power High Alarm	Latched high TX Power alarm, channel 1
	6	L-Tx1 Power Low Alarm	Latched low TX Power alarm, channel 1
	5	L-Tx1 Power High Warning	Latched high TX Power warning, channel 1
	4	L-Tx1 Power Low Warning	Latched low TX Power warning, channel 1
	3	L-Tx2 Power High Alarm	Latched high TX Power alarm, channel 2
	2	L-Tx2 Power Low Alarm	Latched low TX Power alarm, channel 2
	1	L-Tx2 Power High Warning	Latched high TX Power warning, channel 2
	0	L-Tx2 Power Low Warning	Latched low TX Power warning, channel 2
14	7	L-Tx3 Power High Alarm	Latched high TX Power alarm, channel 3
	6	L-Tx3 Power Low Alarm	Latched low TX Power alarm, channel 3
	5	L-Tx31 Power High Warning	Latched high TX Power warning, channel 3
	4	L-Tx3 Power Low Warning	Latched low TX Power warning, channel 3
	3	L-Tx4 Power High Alarm	Latched high TX Power alarm, channel 4
	2	L-Tx4 Power Low Alarm	Latched low TX Power alarm, channel 4
	1	L-Tx4 Power High Warning	Latched high TX Power warning, channel 4
	0	L-Tx4 Power Low Warning	Latched low TX Power warning, channel 4
15-16	All	Reserved	Reserved channel monitor flags, set 4
17-18	All	Reserved	Reserved channel monitor flags, set 5

19-20	All	Reserved	Reserved channel monitor flags, set 6
21	All	Reserved	

■ Module Monitors

Real time monitoring for the QSFP+ module include transceiver temperature, transceiver supply voltage, and monitoring for each transmit and receive channel. Measured parameters are reported in 16-bit data fields, i.e., two concatenated bytes. These are shown in Table 6.

Table 6 — Module Monitoring Values

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
22	All	Temperature MSB	Internally measured module temperature
23	All	Temperature LSB	
24-25	All	Reserved	
26	All	Supply Voltage MSB	Internally measured module supply voltage
27	All	Supply Voltage LSB	
28-33	All	Reserved	

■ Channel Monitoring

Real time channel monitoring is for each transmit and receive channel and includes optical input power , Tx bias current and Tx output Power. Measurements are calibrated over vendor specified operating temperature and voltage and should be interpreted as defined below. Alarm and warning threshold values should be interpreted in the same manner as real time 16-bit data. Table 7 defines the Channel Monitoring.

Table 7 — Channel Monitoring Values

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
34	All	Rx1 Power MSB	Internally measured RX input power, channel 1
35	All	Rx1 Power LSB	
36	All	Rx2 Power MSB	Internally measured RX input power, channel 2
37	All	Rx2 Power LSB	
38	All	Rx3 Power MSB	Internally measured RX input power, channel 3
39	All	Rx3 Power LSB	
40	All	Rx4 Power MSB	Internally measured RX input power, channel 4
41	All	Rx4 Power LSB	
42	All	Tx1 Bias MSB	Internally measured TX bias, channel 1
43	All	Tx1 Bias LSB	
44	All	Tx2 Bias MSB	Internally measured TX bias, channel 2
45	All	Tx2 Bias LSB	
46	All	Tx3 Bias MSB	Internally measured TX bias, channel 3
47	All	Tx3 Bias LSB	
48	All	Tx4 Bias MSB	Internally measured TX bias, channel 4
49	All	Tx4 Bias LSB	
50	All	Tx1 Power MSB	Internally measured TX output power, channel 1
51	All	Tx1 Power LSB	

52	All	Tx2 Power MSB	Internally measured TX output power, channel 2
53	All	Tx2 Power LSB	
54	All	Tx3 Power MSB	Internally measured TX output power, channel 3
55	All	Tx3 Power LSB	
56	All	Tx4 Power MSB	Internally measured TX output power, channel 4
57	All	Tx4 Power LSB	
58-65			Reserved channel monitor set 4
66-73			Reserved channel monitor set 5
74-81			Reserved channel monitor set 6

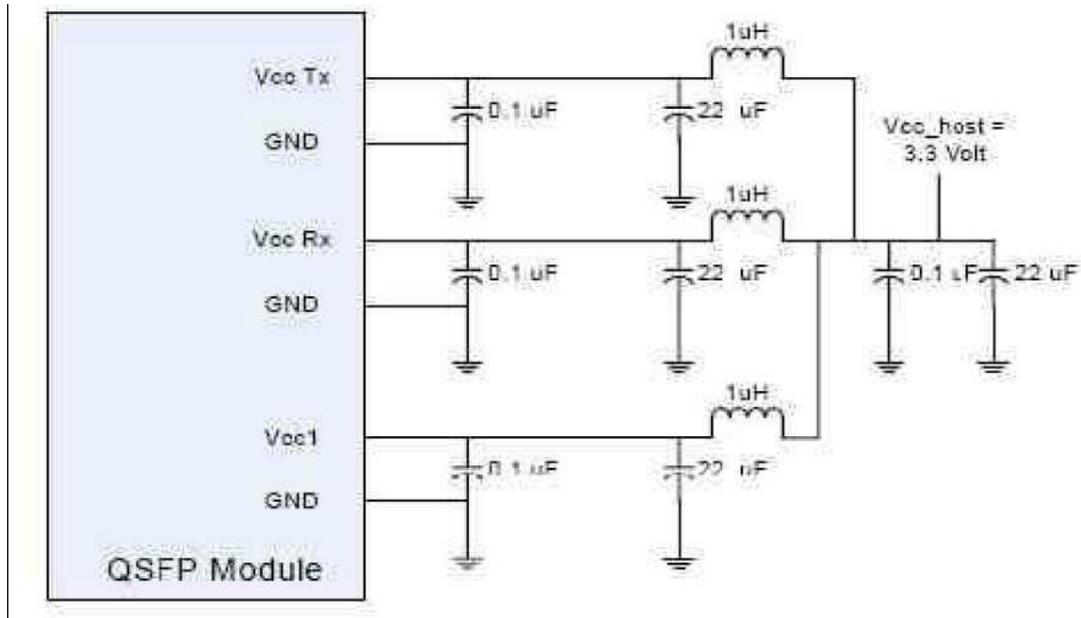
■ Control Bytes

Control Bytes are defined in Table 8.

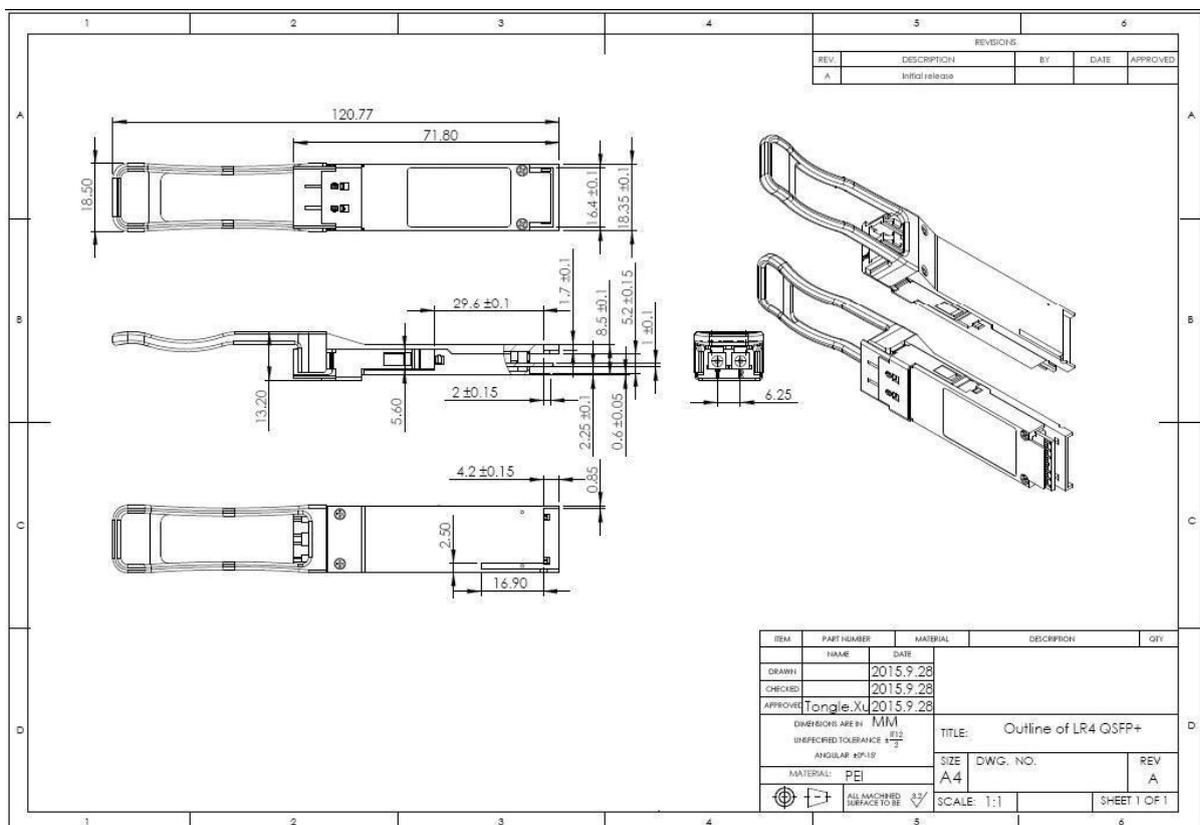
Table 8 — Control Bytes

Byte	Bit	Name	Description
86	7-4	Reserved	
	3	Tx4_Disable	Read/write bit that allows software disable of transmitters
	2	Tx3_Disable	Read/write bit that allows software disable of transmitters
	1	Tx2_Disable	Read/write bit that allows software disable of transmitters
	0	Tx1_Disable	Read/write bit that allows software disable of transmitters
87	7	Rx4_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 4 msb
	6	Rx4_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 4 lsb
	5	Rx3_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 3 msb
	4	Rx3_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 3 lsb
	3	Rx2_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 2 msb
	2	Rx2_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 2 lsb
	1	Rx1_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 1 msb
	0	Rx1_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Rx channel 1 lsb
88	7	Tx4_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 4 msb (Not support)
	6	Tx4_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 4 lsb (Not support)
	5	Tx3_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 3 msb (Not support)
	4	Tx3_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 3 lsb (Not support)
	3	Tx2_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 2 msb (Not support)
	2	Tx2_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 2 lsb (Not support)
	1	Tx1_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 1 msb (Not support)
	0	Tx1_Rate_Select	Software Rate Select, Tx channel 1 lsb (Not support)
89	All	Rx4_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Rx Channel 4
90	All	Rx3_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Rx Channel 3
91	All	Rx2_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Rx Channel 2
92	All	Rx1_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Rx Channel 1
93	2-7	Reserved	
	1	Power_set	Power set to low power mode. Default 0.
	0	Power_over-ride	Override of LPMODE signal setting the power mode with software.
94	All	Tx4_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Tx Channel 4 (Not support)
95	All	Tx3_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Tx Channel 3 (Not support)
96	All	Tx2_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Tx Channel 2 (Not support)
97	All	Tx1_Application_Select	Software Application Select per SFF-8079, Tx Channel 1 (Not support)
98-99	All	Reserved	

■ Host - Transceiver Interface Block



■ Outline Dimensions



■ Product Selection

Part Number	Operating Case temperature	DDMI
40G-Q-SR-BD	Commercial(0~70°C)	Yes